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## **RESEARCH PAPER**

## Effect of different nitrogen levels through *Neem* coated urea and calcium sprays on leaf and soil NPK and Ca status and phytotoxicity in peach

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Abstract : A two year investigation was conducted at Krishi Vigyan Kendra (ICAR- VPKAS), Kafligair- Bageshwar during 2016 and 2017 in peach cv. RED JUNE with ten treatments *viz.*, 375 g N per tree + 0.5 % CaCl<sub>2</sub> (T<sub>1</sub>), 375 g N tree<sup>-1</sup> + 1.0 % CaCl<sub>2</sub> (T<sub>2</sub>), 375 g N tree<sup>-1</sup> + 1.5 % CaCl<sub>2</sub> (T<sub>3</sub>), 500 g N tree<sup>-1</sup> + 0.5 % CaCl<sub>2</sub> (T<sub>4</sub>), 500 g N tree<sup>-1</sup> + 1.0 % CaCl<sub>2</sub> (T<sub>5</sub>), 500 g N tree<sup>-1</sup> + 1.5 % CaCl<sub>2</sub> (T<sub>6</sub>), 625 g N tree<sup>-1</sup> + 0.5 % CaCl<sub>2</sub> (T<sub>7</sub>), 625 g N tree<sup>-1</sup> + 1.0 % CaCl<sub>2</sub> (T<sub>8</sub>), 625 g N tree<sup>-1</sup> + 1.5 % CaCl<sub>2</sub> (T<sub>9</sub>), 500 g N tree<sup>-1</sup> + Water spray (T<sub>10</sub> control). The source of nitrogen fertilization was neem coated urea. The experimental findings revealed that maximum leaf nitrogen content was estimated under T<sub>9</sub> (3.721% and 3.838% in 2016 and 2017, respectively), while maximum leaf phosphorus content was estimated under T<sub>1</sub> (0.450%) in first and T<sub>3</sub> (0.456%) in second year. During both the years, the maximum leaf potassium content was estimated under T<sub>1</sub> (2.096% and 2.110% in 2016 and 2017, respectively). The highest leaf calcium content was estimated under T<sub>3</sub> (1.735% in 2016 and 1.744% in 2017). Irrespective of nitrogen fertilization levels, highest calcium chloride concentration (1.5%) resulted in phytotoxicity which was evident by marginal leaf scorching. Significant differences for available soil nitrogen were found, while other studied nutrients did not differ significantly.

Key Words : Nitrogen levels, Neem coated urea, Calcium chloride, Leaf, Soil nutrient status

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